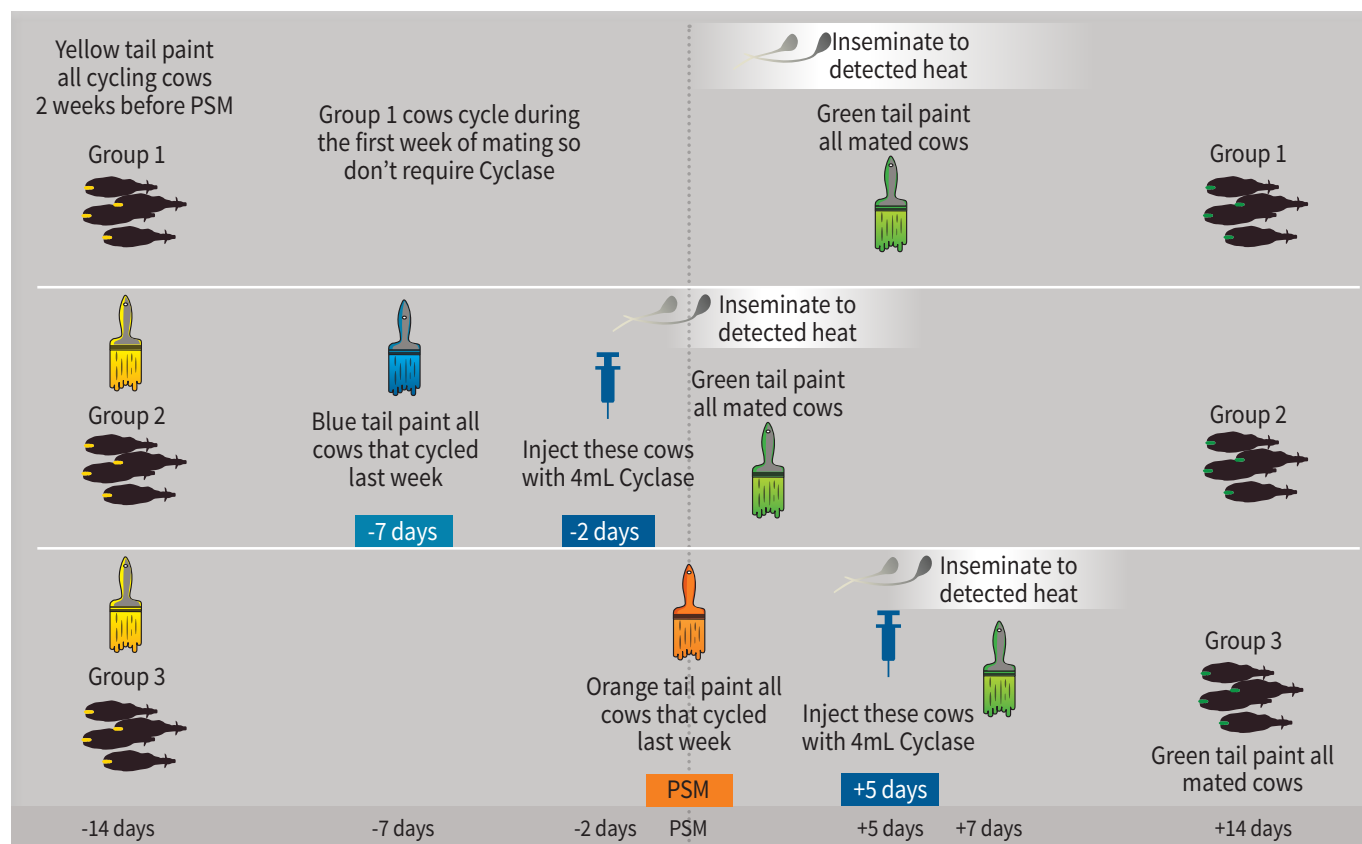


WhyWait for cycling cows



PSM = Planned Start of Mating

Use 'Why Wait' to maximise early in-calf rates. This will help tighten calving spread, with all the associated benefits including more days in milk, better early submission rates next spring and improved cow longevity.

The principle is simple. A single Cyclase (PG) injection can bring cycling cows forward a week, meaning that essentially all cows in the herd ovulate and are inseminated in the first two weeks of mating.

It is important to note the success of a 'Why Wait' programme does depend on accurate heat detection, as well as good organisation and planning. The return on investment is excellent too, with \$40 to \$50 in additional milk income far exceeding the treatment costs.



Evidence based vet medicines

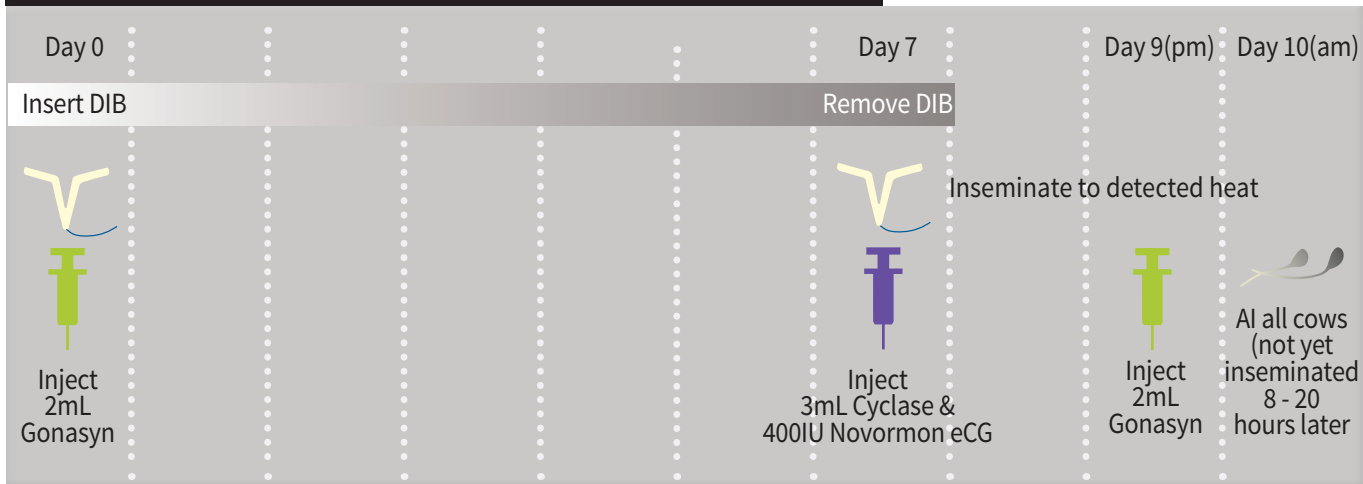
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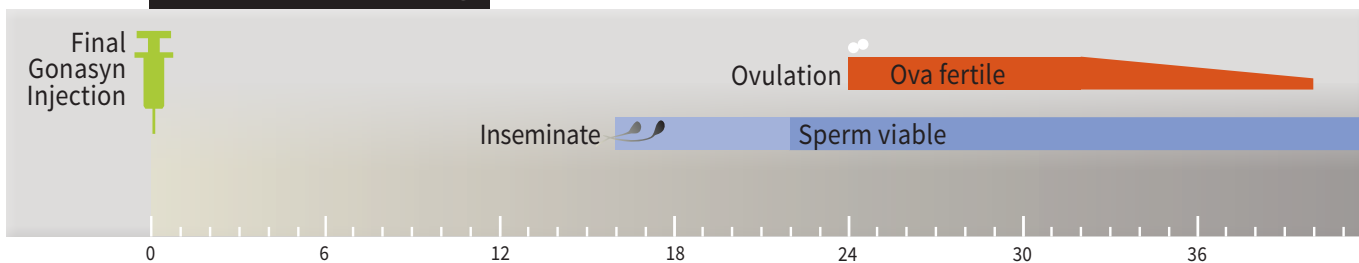
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Best program for non-cycling cows

DIB-Synch Plus eCG (with 3mL Cyclase)



Insemination timing



All cows showing heat after DIB removal should be mated at the next opportunity.

Note: It is essential for farmers to detect heat and present cows for AI on the two days following DIB removal.

Blanket inseminate all remaining cows, generally within 8 – 20 hours after the final Gonasyn; and 56-72 hours following DIB removal.



Gonasyn (A10642), Cyclase (A10490) and Novormon eCG (A10641) are Restricted Veterinary Medicines, available only under veterinary authorisation. DIB-V (A10319) and DIB-h (A10832) are registered Veterinary Medicines. Registered pursuant to the ACVM Act, 1997.



Evidence based vet medicines

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